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APPLICATION NO.	1	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/700,522		11/05/2003	Tommy Hansen	H0610.0355/P355	H0610.0355/P355 9436	
24998	7590	08/03/2006		EXAMINER		
DICKSTEI			HYUN, PAUL	HYUN, PAUL SANG HWA		
1825 EYE STREET NW Washington, DC 20006-5403				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				1743		
				DATE MAILED: 08/03/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/700,522	HANSEN ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Paul S. Hyun	1743	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	ddress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailine earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this of D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 N</u> 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allowards closed in accordance with the practice under B 	s action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		e merits is
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-9 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-9 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o			
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on 05 November 2003 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	are: a) \square accepted or b) \boxtimes object drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Set tion is required if the drawing(s) is object.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
a) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National	l Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 3 7 0 6	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Di 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate	O-152)

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, requires the specification to be written in "full, clear, concise, and exact terms." The specification is replete with terms which are not clear, concise and exact. The specification should be revised carefully in order to comply with 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph. Examples of <u>some</u> unclear, inexact or verbose terms used in the specification are:

"build" in line 19, page 1 should be changed to "built".

"resistant" in line 22, page 1 should be changed to "resistance".

"posses" in line 31, page 1 is misspelled.

"minimises" in line 24, page 2 is misspelled.

"pressurised" in line 10, page 4 is misspelled.

"minimise" in line 26, page 4 is misspelled.

Drawings

The drawing is objected to because it does not clearly define or show the basket

3. According to line 1, page 4 of the Specification and claim 1, the basket

contains/surrounds the fixed catalyst bed 4. It cannot be determined from the drawing

whether the basket surrounds the catalyst bed or whether it is continuous with the sides

of the catalyst bed because the drawing does not define the width of the basket that

supposedly surrounds the catalyst bed.

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filling date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Objections

Claims 4 and 5 are objected to because of the following informalities:

The word "the" should be inserted before the limitations "inner" and "position" in claim 4.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 7-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed recitation of a use, without setting forth any steps involved in the process, results in an improper definition of a process, i.e., results in a claim which is not a proper process claim under 35 U.S.C. 101. See for example *Ex parte Dunki*, 153 USPQ 678 (Bd.App. 1967) and *Clinical Products, Ltd.* v. *Brenner*, 255 F. Supp. 131, 149 USPQ 475 (D.D.C. 1966). Accordingly, the claims have not been examined on the merits.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claims contain subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

The specification (see lines 19-22, page 2) discloses and claims 1, 4 and 5 recite a reactor having a gas impermeable basket having a wall that surrounds a catalyst bed. If a gas impermeable wall surrounds a catalyst bed, then the sample gas would not be able to flow through the catalyst bed, defeating the intended function of the reactor. It

appears that the basket requires a pair of unconnected walls that only surround the sides of the catalyst bed in order to accomplish the intended function of the basket as disclosed by Applicants.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 2-5 and 7-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding claim 2, the phrase "such as" renders the claim indefinite because it is unclear whether the limitations following the phrase are part of the claimed invention.

See MPEP § 2173.05(d).

In regards to claims 3-5, claim 3 recites the limitation "the inlet layer" in line 3 of the claim. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. The limitation "around the inlet layer" recited in line 2 of the claim is also indefinite because it is not clear which one of the walls "around the inlet layer of the catalyst bed" the limitation is claiming.

In regards to claims 7-9, claim 7 provides for the use of a reactor, but since the claim does not set forth any steps involved in the method/process, it is unclear what method/process applicant is intending to encompass. A claim is indefinite where it merely recites a use without any active, positive steps delimiting how this use is actually practiced.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 2 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ravault (US 3,895,917).

Ravault discloses a reactor for catalytically reacting exhaust gas at high temperatures. The reactor comprises a basket in the form of ceramic body 3 having a catalyst bed inside (see lines 54-55, col. 2). The reference also discloses that the sidewalls of the ceramic body are made impermeable by a ceramic coating (see lines 12-17, col. 4 and claim 2). The ceramic body is surrounded by insulating material 2, which is surrounded by metal casing 1. The ceramic body further comprises an inlet channel that is connected to the metal casing to form a gas leak-tight transfer of the exhaust gas (see Fig. 1).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ravault in view of Mentschel (US 4,018,573).

Ravault discloses the reactor of claim 1. The reference also discloses that the reactor is used in the oxidation of hydrocarbons and carbon monoxide and that high temperature is desirable in the oxidation process (see lines 15-29, col. 1). However, the reference does not disclose a heating means to maintain a high reaction temperature. Instead, the reference discloses that the exhaust gas is fed into the reactor close to the source of the exhaust gas in order to preserve heat.

Reactors having electric heaters are well-known in the art. Mentschel discloses a reactor comprising an electric heater for controlling the temperature of the reaction within a reaction chamber (see lines 20-35, col. 7). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide a heater at the inlet channel of the reactor disclosed by Ravault as taught by Mentschel so that the oxidation of hydrocarbons and carbon monoxide can be optimized.

Claims 4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ravault in view of Mentschel as applied to claim 3 above, and further in view of Deshpande (US 2002/0090326 A1).

The reactor of claim 3 is disclosed by Ravault in view of Mentschel as discussed above, but the references do not disclose a catalyst comprising platinum, rhodium, ruthenium or nickel.

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Deshpande discloses a reactor for processing compact fuel. The reference discloses the use of platinum to catalyze the oxidation of carbon monoxide (see [0032]). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide a coating of platinum to the modified reactor of Ravault in order to assist the oxidation of carbon monoxide.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Paul S. Hyun whose telephone number is (571)-272-8559. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8AM-4:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jill Warden can be reached on (571)-272-1267. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

PSH

2/21/06

Supervisory Patent Examiner
Technology Center 1700